Exploring Schottky Junction Solar Cells

RYAN POWERS PSU REU 2013

Overview

Introduction to solar energy Basic solar cell design Schottky junction Purpose Materials and methods Results Conclusion Future research

Why Solar?

Clean

- No carbon footprint
- Abundant
 - Most available renewable energy source

Dependable

Lasts 20+ years, little maintenance

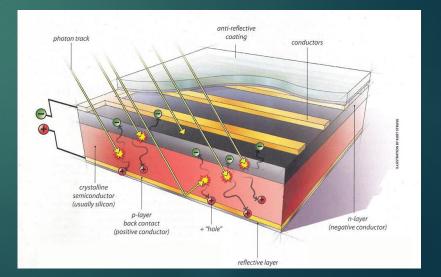
Sustainable

Can provide energy indefinitely

Solar Cells

Basic principle

- Absorption of photons
- Excitation of electrons
- Current flow
- Inefficiencies
 - Reflected light
 - Si bandgap
 - ▶ Near-IR: too weak
 - ► UV: excess heat



Schottky Junction

Metal-Semiconductor interface

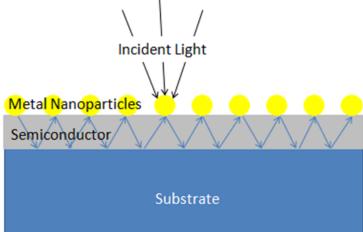
 Metallic nanostructures

 Simpler, thinner design

 Lower resistance

 Greater absorption spectrum

 Surface plasmons



Purpose

Proof of concept
Cheaper, simpler solar cell
Driving down energy costs

Materials

Gold Nanoparticles (AuNP)

- Diameter 3-5nm
- Suspended in Hexane
- Used for inert properties
- Multi-walled Carbon Nanotubes (MWCNT)
 - Suspended in Ethanol
 - Used for metallic properties

Deposition

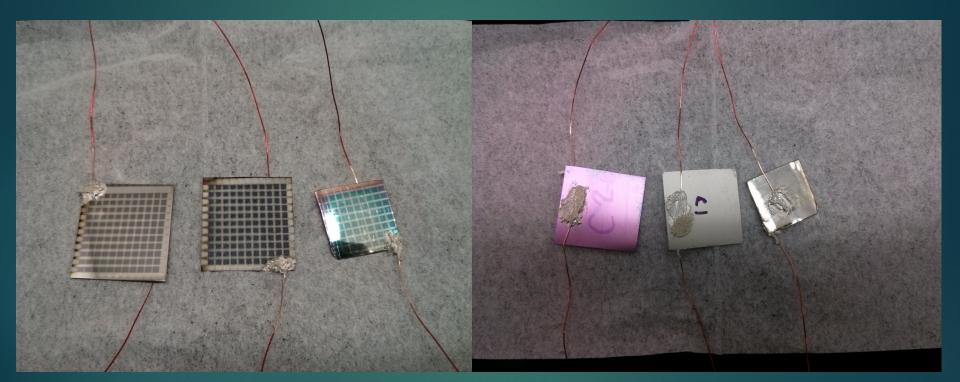
Atomizer spray gun
 Substrates used:

 Evaporated Si on stainless steel
 170µm P-type Si – highly doped
 650µm P-type Si

 Various concentrations



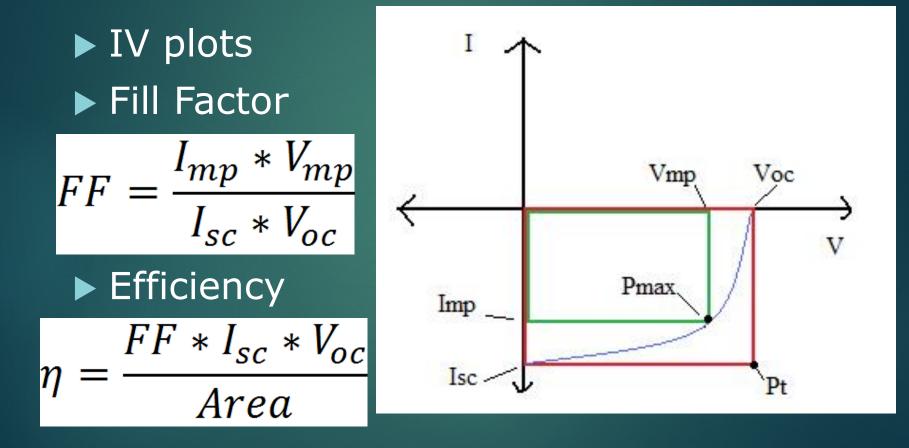
Finished Product



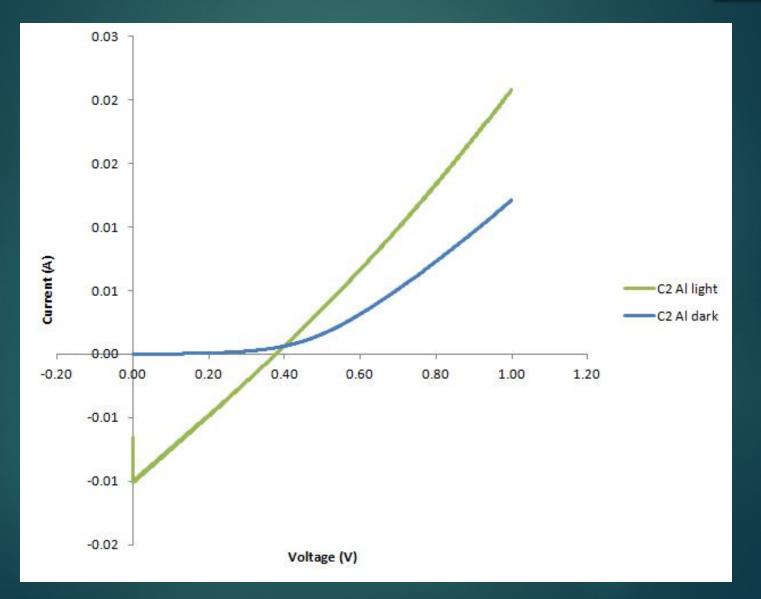
AuNP, MWCNT, Evap. Si

650μm , 170 μm (Al Coated), Stainless Steel

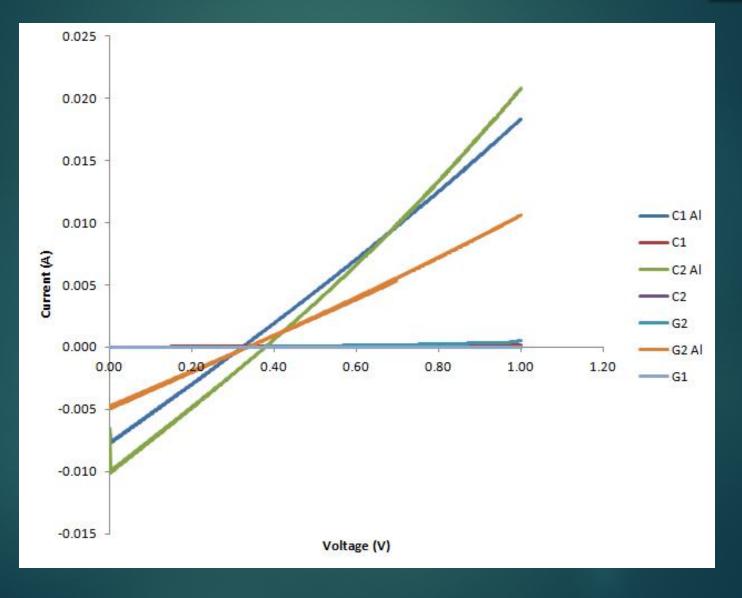
Analysis



It's a solar cell



Results



Data

Au NP Solar Cell Fill Factor: 0.25 ▶ Max efficiency: 0.10% MWCNT Solar Cell ▶ Fill Factor: 0.26 ▶ Max efficiency: 0.25% Typical Cr-Si Fill Factor: 0.70 ▶ Efficiency: 10-20%

Conclusion

 Opportunity for technological advancement
 Lower cost of production

Increase solar popularity

Future Research

Optimization

- Si thickness / doping density
- Nanostructure concentration
- Refined nanostructures
 - Gold nanorods
- Increased efficiency
- Improved deposition method
 - Uniformity

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Questions?